

Managing the Tide of Information

A ROLE-BASED MANAGEMENT STRATEGY



2023
23RD ANNUAL
TECHNOLOGY SUMMIT

RIDING THE WAVE
of Technology

JUNE 18-21
FT. MYERS

Laura Carter
Records and Information Specialist
VT Department of Corrections

Lucas Herring
IT Director
VT Agency of Digital Services



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Current Discussion

01

Introduction
to Role-Based
Management

02

Establishing a
Role-Based
Strategies

03

Department
Case Studies

04

Lessons
Learned

05

•Next Steps



Current Discussion

01

Introduction to Role-Based Management



What is Role Based Management?

ROLE-BASED MANAGEMENT: managing records and information based on an employee's specific job duties (or role) within an agency/department.



What is RoleBased Management?

IN THE STATE OF VERMONT

ELECTRONIC INFORMATION =
PUBLIC RECORDS

1 V.S.A. § 317a

As Vermont State Employees,
we are responsible for ensuring that
we are doing our due diligence to
manage the records we create and
receive daily.



ROLE-BASED MANAGEMENT Example

Admin Services Technician III

Performs a variety of office support duties such as designing forms, surveys; preparing, checking and maintaining records, procuring office supplies, and preparing reports involving the use of multi-faceted office practices and procedures requiring interpretation and/or initiative.





Current Discussion

02

Establishing a
Role-Based
Strategies



Establishing a Role-Based Management Strategy



PROJECT FOCUSED

- Establish timelines for review
- Start with low-hanging fruit to demonstrate success

BEST PRACTICES/RESOURCES

- Policy [252](#)
- Statute [3 V.S.A. 218](#)
- VSARA-Approved Specific Record Schedules ([SRS](#))
- ARMA Standards

WHY IS THIS IMPORTANT

- Accessibility/saving time
- Efficient workflows and offboarding process
- Litigation/lawsuits
- Cost savings



Current Discussion

03

Department
Case Studies

H: DRIVES

THE FIRST WAVE

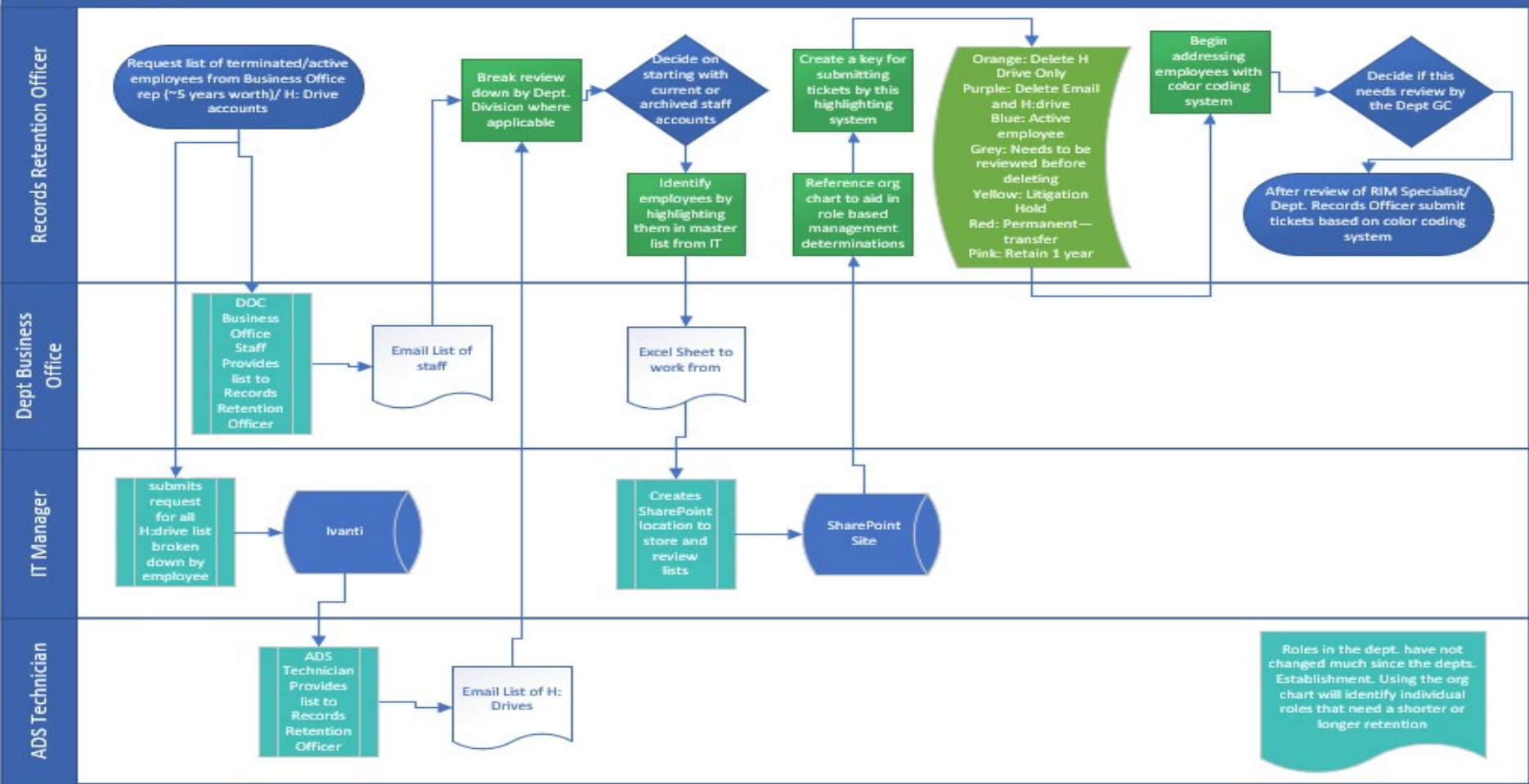




H: Drives

Role-Based Management

H: Drive Review Process



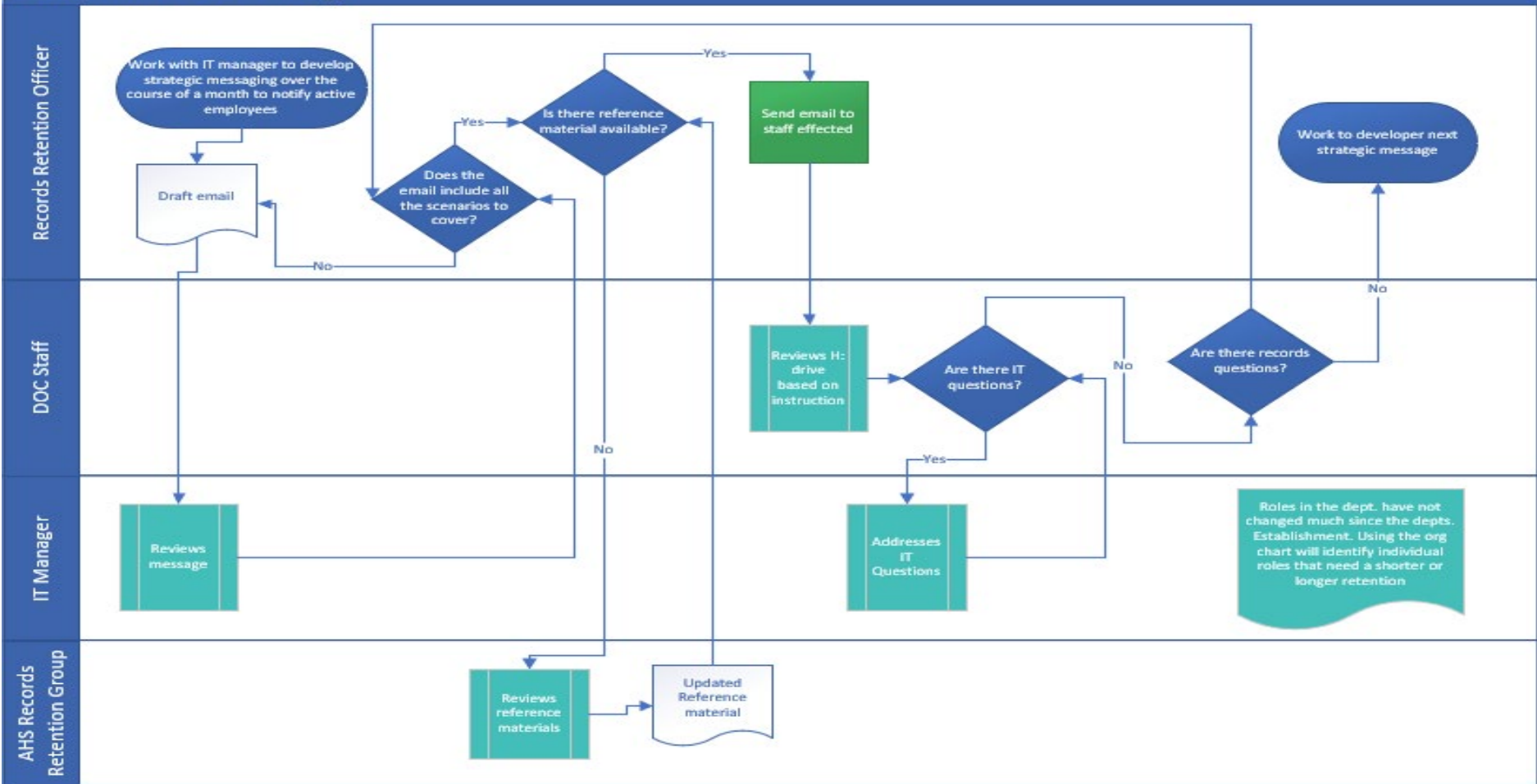
Roles in the dept. have not changed much since the depts. Establishment. Using the org chart will identify individual roles that need a shorter or longer retention



H: Drives

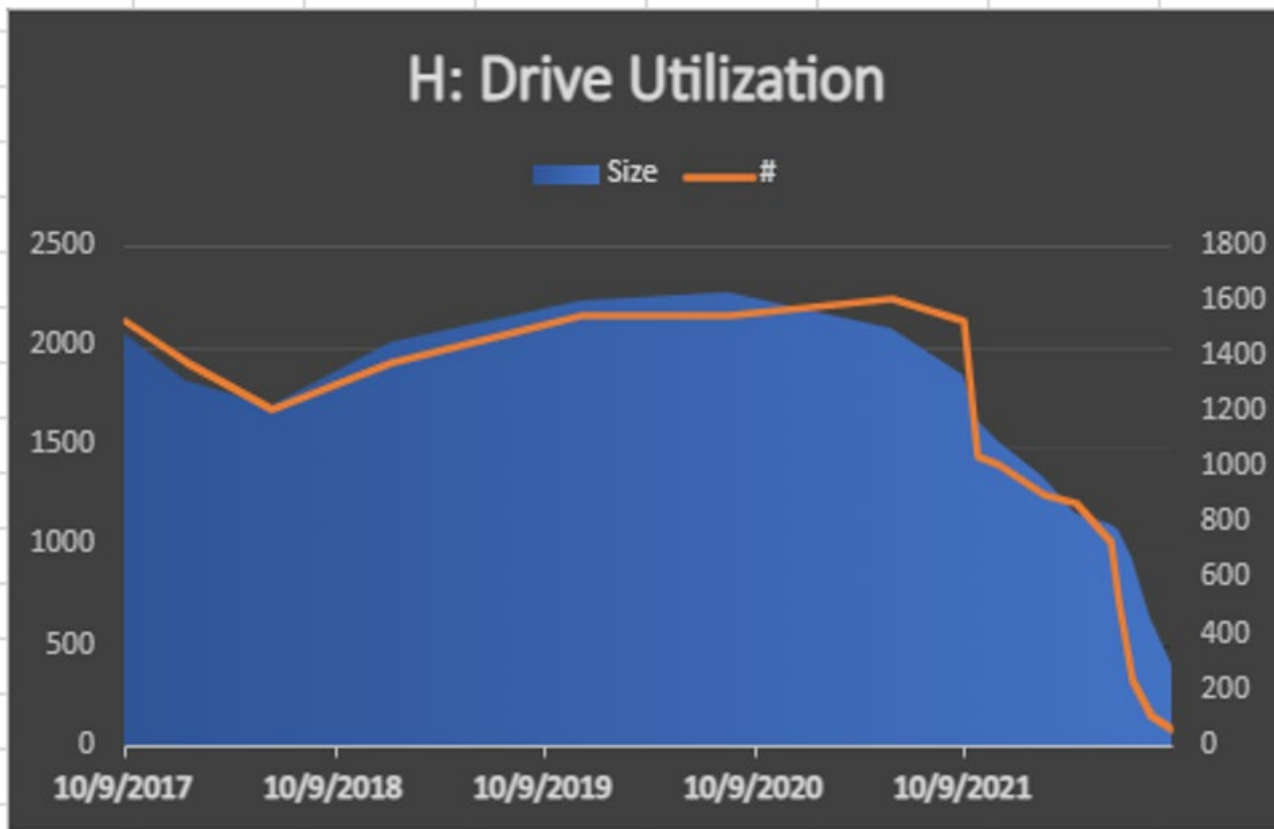
Role-Based Management

H: Drive Communication Strategy





H: Drive Sizes



- Total count and size of H: drives tracked over time.
- Review trends over time.
- Start with “low hanging fruit” to remove H: drives that didn’t need review.
- Review H: drives by role and size in incremental process.
- Address the data storage needed for specific files as they come. (I.e., move to S: drive or other data system)
- Wash, rinse, repeat, complete.



H: Drive Outcomes

StorageUs (GB)	Notes
81914	81.914 Meeting in March
71390	71.39 CHSVT
68931	68.931 SOS
64122	64.122 reports to Adam Patterson
63424	63.424 Asst Supt
56951	56.951 Records Officer
56500	56.5 Reports to Jordan Pasha
39203	39.203 OPSC
22006	22.006 COII?
21810	21.81 Facilities Manager
20218	20.218 Site Legal Admin
17595	17.595 Asst Supt
16794	16.794 reports to Adam Patterson
16328	16.328 CCO in BUYP
16004	16.004 Admin B
15108	15.108 SOS?
14182	14.182 Program Services Director
13597	13.597 Field Manager
13309	13.309 CHSVT
11189	11.189 CHSVT
10370	10.37 CHSVT
9896	9.896 PPO II NEPP
9622	9.622 review old pictures

No H: Drives remain

- Establish locations for all protected data
- Remove items based on retention schedule
- Work with staff to store files in the correct locations

Review process for OneDrive Locations

- OneDrive Utilization can be measured and tracked monthly.
- Set up meetings for review with largest consumers of space to understand “why” and how space is being used.

WHY IS THIS IMPORTANT

- Accessibility/saving time
- Efficient workflows and offboarding process
- Litigation/lawsuits
- Cost savings

Email Accounts

THE SECOND WAVE

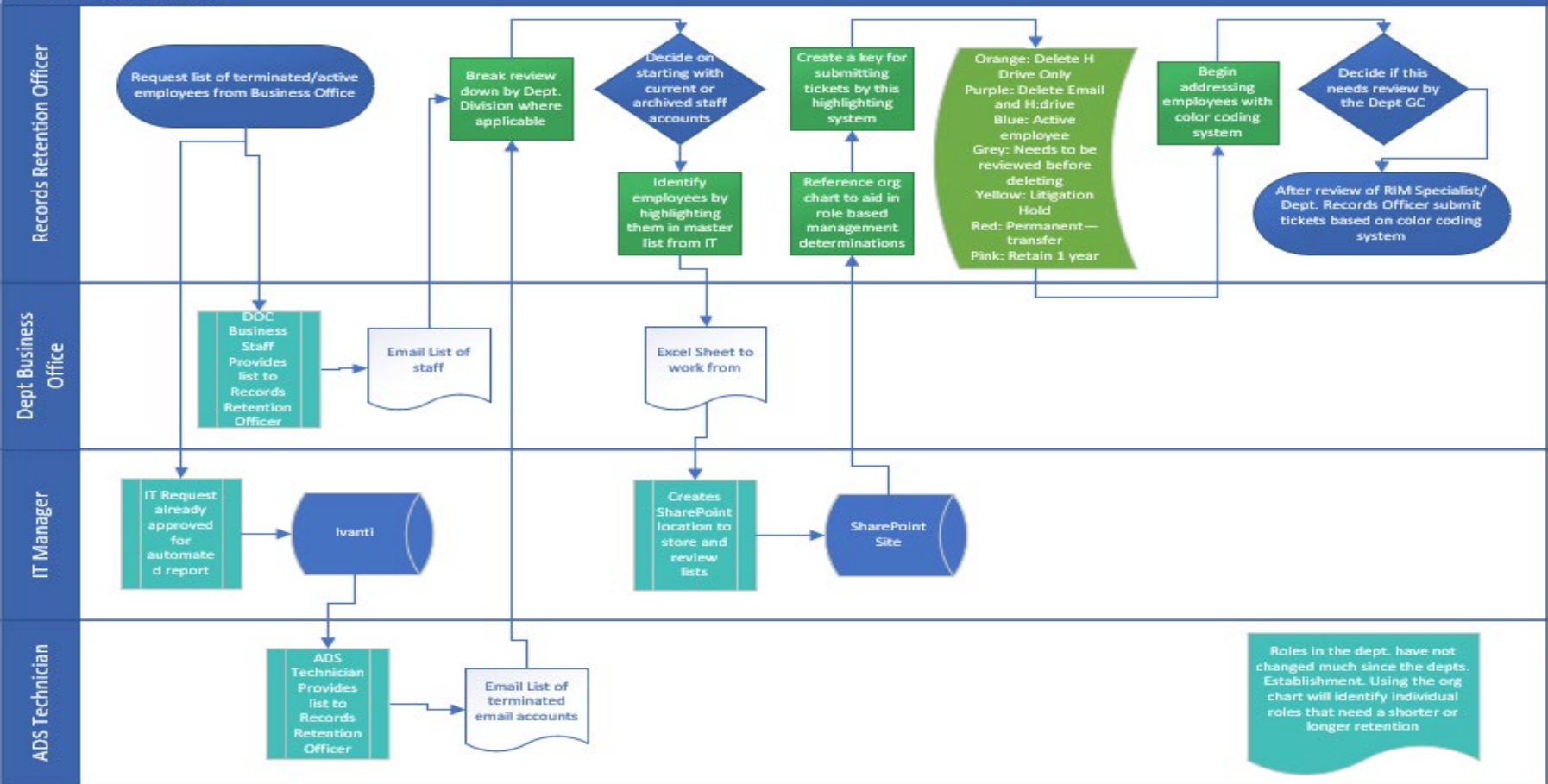




Email Accounts

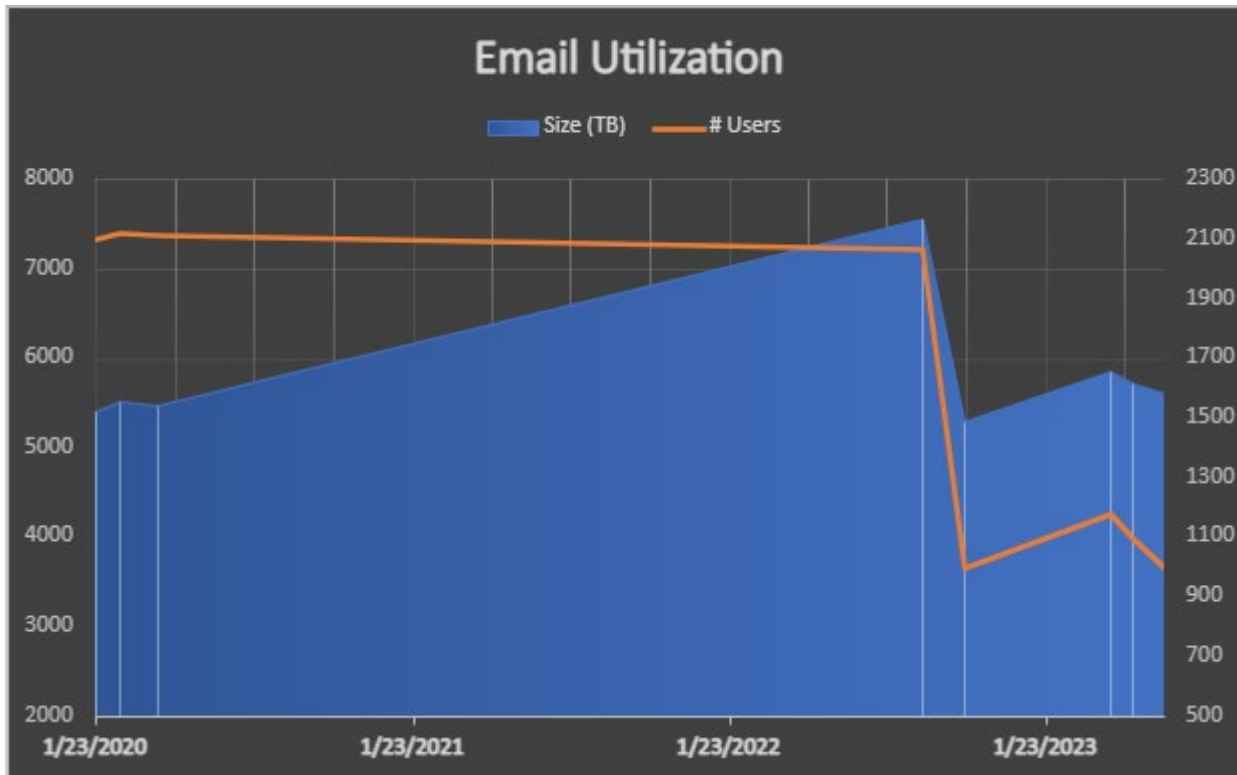
Role-Based Management

Email Review Process





Email Accounts and Size



- Total count and size of email accounts.
- Review trends over time.
- Start with “low hanging fruit” to remove terminated accounts (without litigation holds or “C-level” restrictions).
- Implement “Email challenges” for staff to monitor what they are keeping.
- Address terminated accounts quarterly, also removing those that no longer have litigation holds or other time constraints.
- Wash, rinse, repeat, complete.



Email Account Outcomes

B	C	D	E
DisplayName	Item Count	Total Item Size (GB)	Note
Letourneau, Claudia C	7034	1.001	
Santaw, Stanley	8243	1.013	
Burgher, Dorrell	6850	1.017	
Larsen, Jessica	6518	1.028	
Hawkins, Michael	6596	1.03	
Rathbun, Thorn	6011	1.046	
Malone, Dylan	7083	1.058	
Baker, Michael	8024	1.07	
Plank, Rickey	16019	1.073	
Adry-AHS102021, Leeor	7500	1.087	Hold
Carrier, Regina	7411	1.088	
Barrows, Christine	5755	1.104	
Mendes, Joanne	10246	1.12	
Gutierrez, Carla	9859	1.138	
Gibson-AHS102021, Sara	8832	1.142	Hold
Busato, Adrienne	10477	1.143	
Sanborn, Evan	5565	1.143	

Removed old and outdated accounts

- Remove items based on retention schedule
- Work with supervisory staff to store needed email in the correct locations

Review process terminated account

- Email accounts are addressed upon termination.
- Escalation to Records Retention Officer as needed.
- Issues can be measured and tracked quarterly.
- Can revisit accounts with issues periodically.

WHY IS THIS IMPORTANT

- Accessibility/saving time
- Efficient workflows and offboarding process
- Litigation/lawsuits
- Cost savings



Email Account Lessons Learned

- Litigation holds
- Involving legal counsel
 - Accounts on hold
(military example)
- Ivanti (Service Desk)
Ticket documentation

S: DRIVES

THE THIRD WAVE





Current Discussion

Testing our hypothesis:
is this something that
can be repeated with
other electronic
records?

Yes! Using the same set
of tools and resources,
we were able to develop
a review process similar
to our H:Drive review
process

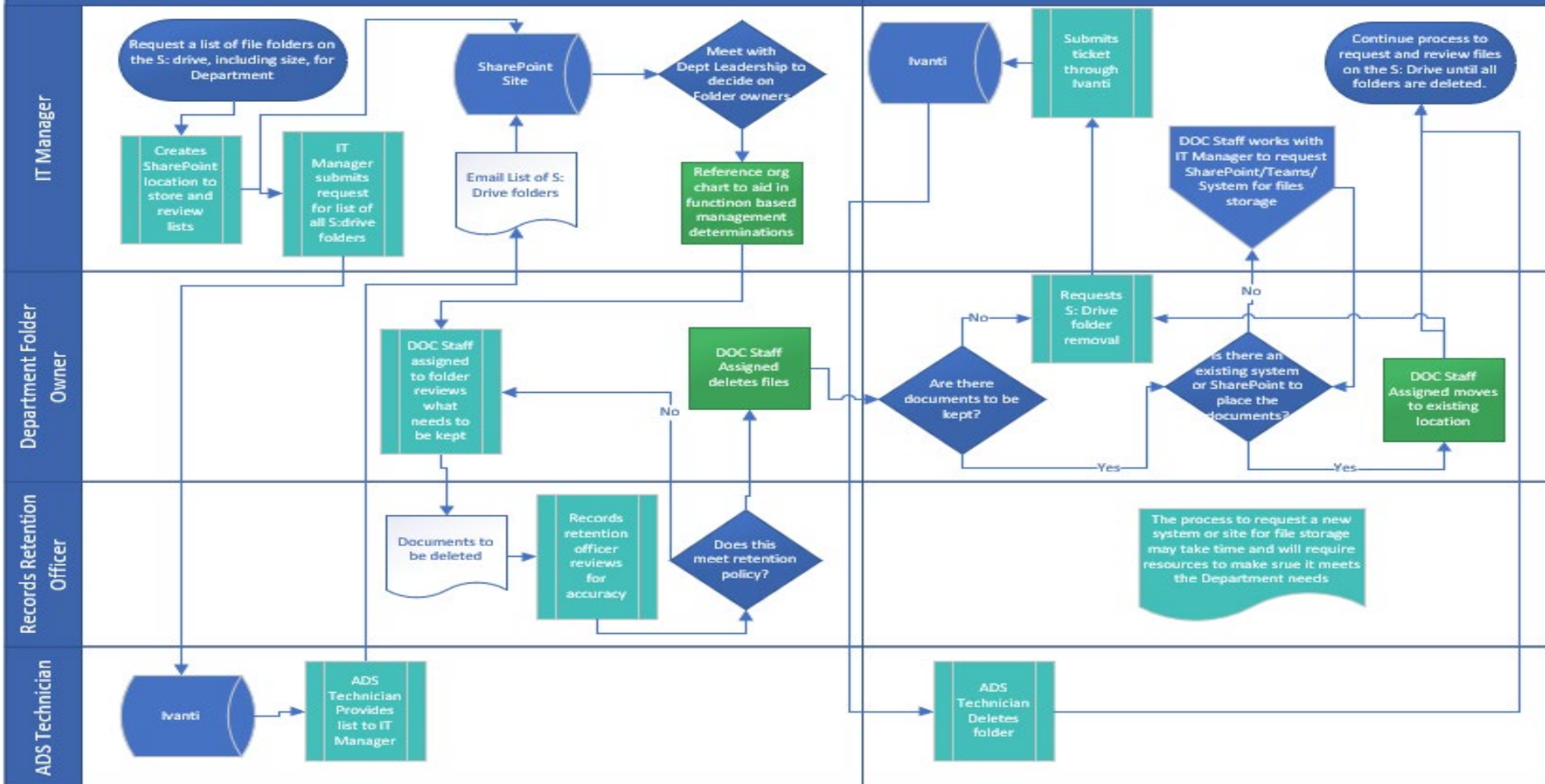
S: Drive Folders and documents—
addressing unmanaged folders and
security groups with outdated
processes to provide permissions, to
retain outdated and duplicated
documents. Removal again mitigates
legal risks while eliminating
redundant, obsolete, and trivial data.



S: Drive Folders

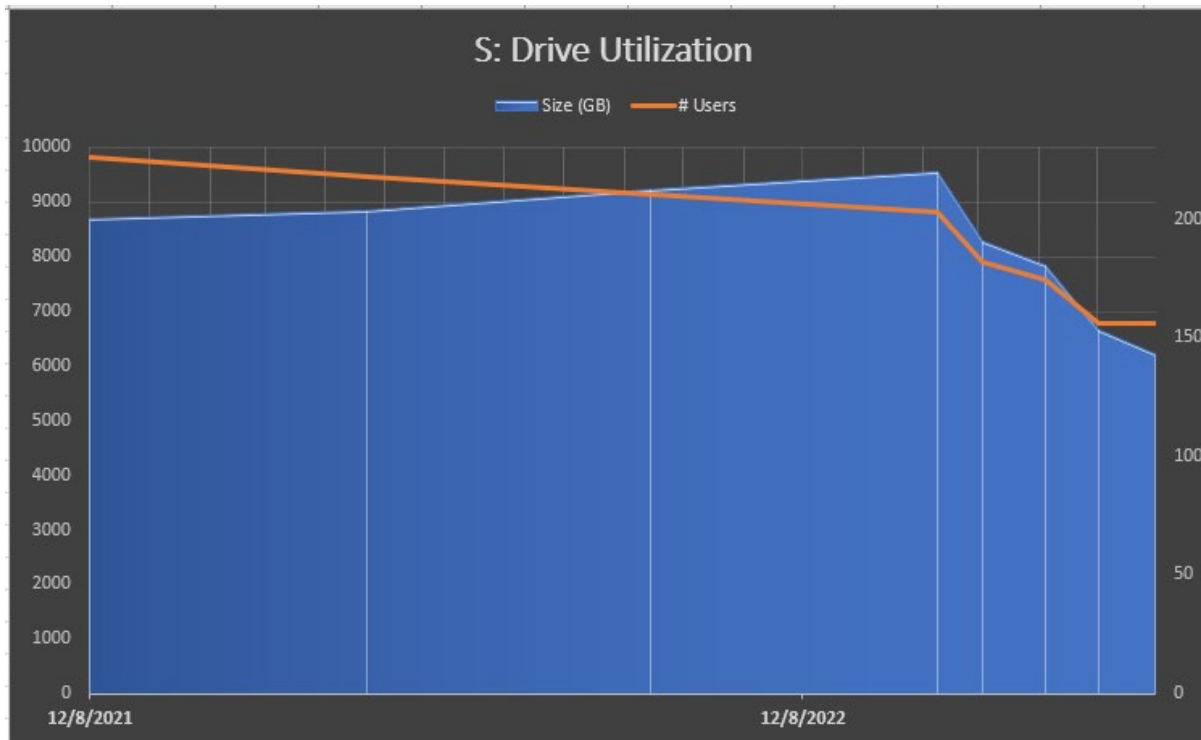
Function-Based Management

S: Drive Review Process





S: Drive Folders and Size



- Total root folder count and size overall S: Drive. Break out size by root folders.
- Review trends over time.
- Start with “low hanging fruit” to remove unused folders.
- Set up meetings with folder “owners” to review the contents of the folder.
- Transition folders to SharePoint sites, or move data as appropriate.
- Note: some folders may currently need to remain until an alternative can be found.
- Wash, rinse, repeat, complete.



S: Drive Outcomes

Removed old and outdated folders

- Review Security Groups associated with folder access
- Remove legacy servers where data is stored.

SharePoint Creation

- Create SharePoint for Department-wide standards for meta data and folder structure.
- Assign DOC staff to manage their own data and permissions.
- Issues can be measured and tracked quarterly, revisit sites with issues periodically, ensure a site owner is listed, and user roles identified.
- Have access across multiple devices without being on the State network.

WHY IS THIS IMPORTANT

- create new documents directly from SharePoint
- upload existing documents and apply metadata, without the need for a new folder
- Add lists, apply filters, use tools to view information on SharePoint pages



Current Discussion

04

Lessons
Learned



Lessons Learned

- Ivanti (Service Desk) Ticket documentation
- S Drive to SharePoint – Nuanced and more complex
 - H: drive = one to one
- Functional areas (more specific to department) on top of a role-based strategy



Current Discussion

05

Next Steps



Next Steps



Active Employee Emails



SharePoint



Systems (OMS)



MOU/ISAs



Software usage



Questions



Questions?